World Bank MDTF/JSS Trade Based Money Laundering Training

Belgrade, September 09, 2009







Република Срби<mark>ја</mark> РЕПУБЛИЧКО ЈАВНО ТУЖИЛАШТВО 09. 09. 2009. год EIROJUST National Member for Serbia SOUTH EAST EUROPEAN PROSECUTOR ADVISORY GROUP www.seepag.info

TO TRADE CRIME with the Emphasis on the Criminal Preceedings for Money Laundering

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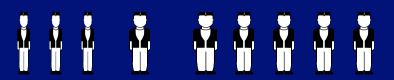
GLOBAL ASPECTS OF THE TRADE PROTECTION

IMPROVEMENT OF THE TECHNOLOGY

- Development of the Internet
- Development of the Micro-Chips

IMPROVEMENT OF THE ECONOMY

- **Enormous investment in** *Building Brand*
- New Management Strategy
- Global Management Strategy
- **■** Goals of Protection Global Prosperity







GLOBAL INSTITUTIONS FOR PROTECTION

- State Regulator "Regulatory State" (Portals of E- Government
- **■** B2G,G2C,C2G,C2B...)
- Patent, TM, R, C, Geographical Origin...
- Multilateral Conventions
- International Organizations (WTO,WIPO...)
- Regional Cooperation (SEC)

KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT and KNOWLEDGE DIPLOMACY

- Introduced in 90- ties
- NO COLD WAR, NO PROBLEMS NORTH-SOUTH
- KNOWLEDGE DIPLOMACY INHERITS INDUSTRIAL DIPLOMACY
- KNOWLEDGEMANAGEMENT INSTEAD OF MANAGEMENT OF THE PROCESSES
- KEY ELEMENTS
 - FURTHER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE LIBERALIZATION OF TRADE AND SERVICES
 - DEEP INCORPORATION OF THE STANDARDS FOR PRODUCTION AND SERVICES
 - GREAT LIBERALIZATION OF THE WORLD MARKET OF INFORMATION
 - ADAPTATION OF TRADE MARK AND COPYRIGHTIN THE POST DIGITAL (PD)AGE

South East European Prosecutor Advisory Group

ENLARGEMENT OF THE LEGAL CAPACITY OF THE CRIMINAL CODE AND WORLD ECONOMIC INTERESTS - GLOBAL LEGALITY AND LEGITIMACY

- Global goal of protection: Fair use(Legitimate) of the economic values and goods
- Regulation: κρο3 Licensing Processes
 Public interest of the state should be within the Global Legal
 Framework
- Legislation balance: Legal solutions

Investment into the **Brand Production**

Extraction for knowledge transfer

MINISTERIAL MEETING

CEECP

Meeting of the Ministers of justice and Ministers of interior LOUTRAKI – GREECE



STABILITY PACT REPRESENTATIVE SPEACH

20%

GNP OF SEECOUNTRIES GOES INTO THE CORUPTION

AND

ORGANIZED CRIME

5% of GNP on

MONEY LAUNDERING

IMPORTANCE OF NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR COMBATING TO CORRUPTION AND MONEY LAUNDERING

WHAT IS THE EXTENSION OF THE LEGAL CAPACITY OF THE CRIMINAL CODE?

ENLARGEMENT OF THE INCRIMINATION ZONE ACCEPTANCE OF THE WORLD ETHICAL PRINCIPLES GREATER SENSITIVITY TO INFRINGEMENTS

- CHAPTER 20. CRIMINAL OFFENCES AGAINST INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
- TEDESTS
- CHAPTER 22. OFFENCES AGAINST ECONOMIC INTERESTS
- CHAPTER 27. CRIMINAL OFFENCE AGAINST SECURITY OF COMPUTER DATA
- CHAPTER 33. OFFENCES AGAINST OFFICIAL DUTY

OFFENCES AGAINST ECONOMIC INTERESTS

- Counterfeiting Money Art. 223.
- Forging Securities- Art. 224.
- Forgery and Misuse of Credit Cards- Art. 225.
- Forging Value Tokens Art. 226 P
- Making, Acquiring and Giving to Another of Means for Counterfeiting Art. 227.
- Issuing of Uncovered Checks and Use of Uncovered Credit Cardsчл. Art. 228.
- Tax Evasion Art. 229.
- Smuggling Art. 36O.
- Money Laundering Art. 231

Criminal Procedure Abuse of Monopolistic Position Art.232
Code

Criminal Code



TYPICAL COMMERCIAL CRIMINAL OFFENCES

- Tax Evasion чл. 229.
- Smuggling чл. 360.
- Money Laundering чл. 232
- Abuse of Monopolistic Position Art. 232
- Unauthorised Use of Another's Company Name Art. 233

TAX EVASION BUDGET REGIME

- with intent to fully or partially avoid payment of taxes
- gives false information on legal income
- fails to report lawful income,
- ANY OTHER WAY conceals information relevant for determination of aforementioned obligations
- 150 000 SRD

SMUGGLING CUSTOMS REGIME

- taking goods across the customs line evading customs control measures or who takes goods across the customs line evading customs control
- while armed, in a group or using force or threat,
- engages in sale, distribution or concealment of uncleared goods or organises a network of dealers or middlemen
- means, goods etc. shall be impounded 1-3

NAURU?

MONEY LAUNDERING

- PLACEMENT
- LAYERING
- INTEGRATION



CoE SELECT COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS ON THE EVALUATION OF ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING MEASURES (MONEYVAL)

- FIRST ROUND DETAILED ASSESSMENT
- REPORT ON SERBIA IN 2004
- ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING AND COMBATTING THE FINANCING OF TERRORISM
- <u>40 +9 Reccommendations</u> Financial Action Task Force (FATF). 1

Moneyval - Serbia

- Evaluation of Anti-Money Laundering Measures and Serbia voluntarily agreed to participate in a first round Detailed Assessment (Mutual Evaluation)
- according to the procedures agreed by the Moneyval Committee.
- Serbia was the third country to be evaluated by Moneyval according to the Joint Methodology of the IMF and the Financial Action Task Force (FATF). 1
- Key Elements of Joint Methodology



- Ministry of Finance,
- Central Bank,
- Customs Service,
- Office of the State Public Prosecutor,
- Ministry of Interior,
- Ministry of Justice
- Agency for the Prevention of Money Laundering (Serbian Financial Intelligence Units (FIU)).



Money laundering is criminalized in Serbia by article 27, of the Money Laundering Act 2002 PROBLEMO OF THE DEFINITION OF PREDICAT CRIME

"They who contrary to the provisions of this Act deposit money (cash, foreign currency in cash and other financial assets) acquired through illegal activity (grey economy, illicit traffic in arms, narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and the like) into the accounts held with banks and other financial organizations and institutions in the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, or introduce in any other way such money (for which they knew it was acquired by criminal act) into legal financial flows with the aim to carry out permissible economic and financial activities, shall be sentenced to 6 months up to 5 years of imprisonment.

■ If the amount of the deposited money specified in Paragraph 1 hereof exceeds YUD 1,000,000.00 the perpetrator shall be sentenced to 1 year up to 8 years of imprisonment.

PROBLEM OF DEFINITION OF CRIMINAL RESPONSABILITY

- If the amount of the deposited money specified in Paragraph 1 hereof exceeds YUD 1,000,000.00 the perpetrator shall be sentenced to 1 year up to 8 years of imprisonment.
- They who commit the act specified in Paragraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and might have known or were obliged to know that the money had been acquired by criminal act shall be sentenced up to 3 years of imprisonment.
- The responsible person in the legal entity shall also be sanctioned by prescribed penalty for the act specified in Paragraphs 1 to 3 hereof, if they knew, ie if they might have known or were obliged to know that the money had been acquired by a criminal act.
- Money, i.e. the proceeds deriving from the offence described in Paragraph I hereof shall be confiscated."

Evaluation of Moneyval

- Article 27 not explicitly include or exclude those who have committed both the laundering and the predicate offence.
- Question for Serbia: Is self-laundering covered? T
- he money laundering offence is significantly restrictive
- limited both to a certain range of laundering activities

PROBLEMS OF DEFINITION

- As to the predicate offences, the law neither follows a "list approach" nor an "all crimes" one but a halfway house model, which defines the predicates first by the criterion of "illegal activity" (which could be said of any criminal offence) then inserts a list of certain offences, but finally opens this list with the term "and the like."
- Pursuant to paragraph 3 of article 27, money laundering is a criminal offence even if committed by negligence

Other related crimes

- illegal disclosure or notification of information submitted to the FIU is sanctioned as a separate criminal offence
- or it is expressly declared as an "offence against economy"
- Criminalisation of financing of terrorism

MONEY LAUNDERING BY

- **PLACEMENT**
- LAYERING
- INTEGRATION

ПОЛАГАЊЕ РАСЛОЈАВАЊЕ СЈЕДИЊАВАЊЕ

- Whoever converts or transfers property while aware that such property originates from a criminal offence intent to conceal or misrepresent the unlawful origin
- conceals and misrepresents facts on the property while aware that such property originates from
- responsible officer in a legal entity
- Whoever ... could have been aware or should have been aware that the property represents proceeds acquired bycriminal offence

FIU Directorate for M L

- Report on suspicious transactions
- Aanalysis Files
- Crime Reports
- Investigaton
- Problems on Predicate Crime
- Confiscation

ABUSE OF MONOPOLISTIC POSITION FREE ACCESS TO THE MARKET

- responsible person in legal entity
- abuse of monopolistic or dominant market position or by entering into monopolistic agreements
- cause market disruptions or brings that entity into a more favourable position in relation to others
- material gain for that entity or for another entity or causes damage to other business entities
- Up to 3, years of imprisonment

UNAUTHORISED USE OF ANOTHER'S COMPANY NAME

INFRINGEMENT OF THE IPR

- with the intention to deceive buyers or users of services, uses
- company name
- geographic mark of origin
- tuħim жigom
- hallmark or trademark
- special mark for goods
- incorporates particular features of these marks into his firm, his stamp or trademark or into his special mark for goods

THER CRIMINAL OFFENCES AGAINST THE ECONOMY

- Misfeasance in Business Art.. 234.
- Causing Bankruptcy Art. 235.
- **Causing False Bankruptcy Art. 236.**
- Damaging Creditors Art 237.
- Abuse of Authority in Economy Art. 238
- Damaging Business Reputation and Credit Rating Art. 239.
- Disclosing a Business Secret Art. 240...

CORUPTIVE CRIMINAL OFFENCES AGINST OFFICIAL DUTY

- **Abuse of Office Art.. 359.**
- Violation of Law by a Judge, Public Prosecutor or hisDeputy Artl. 360.
 - Dereliction of Duty Art.. 361.
- Unlawful Collection and Payment Art. 363.
- Fraud in Service Artl. 363.
- Embezzlement Art. 364
- Unauthorised Use Arti . 365
- Unlawful Mediation Art. 366.
- Soliciting and Accepting Bribes Art . 367.
- Revealing of Official Secret Art . 368.

ABUSE OF OFFICE

blanco

definition of infringementt (origin of socialist legislation)

- An official who by abuse of office or authority
- by exceeding the limits of his official authority
- by dereliction of duty acquires
- acquires for himself or another any benefit
- causes damages to a third party or seriously violates the rights of another
- 450 000 SRD
- 1 500 000 SRD

SOLICITING AND ACCEPTING BRIBES MAIN OFFENCE OF CORUPTION

- Official Person who solicits or accepts a gift or other benefit, or promise of a gift or other benefit for himself or another
- REAL
- ACTIVE to perform an official act within his competence that should not be performed, or
- PASSIVE not to perform an official act that should be performed
- VIRTUAL
- ACTIVE to perform an official act within his competence that he is obliged to perform or
- PASSIVE not to perform an official act that should not be performed

SOME PROPOSALS FOR EXTENDING THE CAPACITY

- ILLEGAL TRADE WITH FORGED UNLICENSED PRODUCTS
- ILLEGAL TRADE WITH ORIGINAL T M PROLIFERATED
- SMUGGLING OF UNAUTHORIZED RECORDING.
- UNAUTHORIZED DESCRAMBLING
- UNAUTHORIZED NETWORK SERVICING
- UNAUTHORIZED TELEPHONE SERVICING
- INFRINGEMENT OF THE PROHIBITON OF TRADE WITH THE SURVEILENCE EQUIPMENT

OUESTIONS?

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PROSECUTORIAL NETWORKS FOR COOPERATION SEEPAG, Belgrade, December 2004.





MEMORANDUM OF PROSECUTORS OF WESTERN BALKAN CARDS Regional Round Table, Skopje, February 2005

SEEPAG FIRST TRACK OF COOPERATION speeding ongoing investifgations and operations

- 1) assisting police in the operational maters
- 2) fascilitating the exchange of the data and evidences

SECOND TRACK OF COOPERATION helping in improvement and harmonization of the national legislation

GOALS

Prosecutorial Focal Points PFP

organizing the MLA threw direct contacts of the Law Enforcement Agencies

- Receiving requests and crime reports
- Case Monitoring
- Consultinge
- Information and data exchange
- Involving into the special operations
- Constant on-line communication

PROSECO PROJECT Harmonization of the prosecutorial networks in combating to organized crime

- Developments:
- Establishment of PROSECO for SEE Contact Points
- Coordination of the Contact Prosecutors from the Memorandum of Cooperation from CARDS Regional from Skopje, 2005
- Coordination of the Prosecutorial Focal Points threw
 Secretariat of the SEEPAG in SECI Center

SOME EXPERIENCE- SEEPAG SECI Center for Combating Transborder Crime

Witness hearing Moldova - Macedonia for the first time in SEE Region

Operations of large scale "Mirage" "Safe Heaven"

Operation "BUS"

BALATON Lake Coordination (police &prosecutors of Serbia, Romania and Hungary)

Operation "ALIBABA"

Operation "JOCKER"

CLASIC INSTRUMENTS of M L A

- European Convention on Mutual Assistance in Criminal Matters (1959)
- First Additional Protocol (1978)
- Second Additional Protocol (2001)
- European Convention on Extradition (1957)
- Additional Protocol on Extradition (1975)
- Palermo Trans-national Organised Crime Protocol
- Bi-lateral and Regional Treaties
- National Criminal Codes and Acts of Proceedings
- Prosecutor Office Program of Activities

What is New?

NEW M L A PRINCIPLES

- Main goal to obtain conditions for cooperation
- Cooperation in informal way
- Constant regard to the to the weak points of trans-bordercrime
 - Speeding up M LA and extradition
- Use of special investigative techniques, tactics and method
- Priority to the direct contact of the Law Enforcement Agencies
- Developing the assessment in case of failure of the special operations

Revolution in M L A

2000 EU ConvLA

Additional Protocols

Framework Decisions

General Guidelines

Joint Actions

- DIRECT MEANS OF COOPERATION IN EXTRADITION
- No Requesting State, but Issuing State
- No State of the Request, but State of Issue
- EUROPEAN JUDICIAL WARRANT
- No extradition, but SURRENDER to the Issuing State

From 2005

Group

EUROPEAN JUDGMENT ORDER

- From June 2006 EUROPEAN ATLAS of institutions for direct MLA
- **EUROPEAN EVIDENCE WARRANT (in project)**

GREEN CARD OF THE PRESUMPTION OF INNOCENCE

1/4/14

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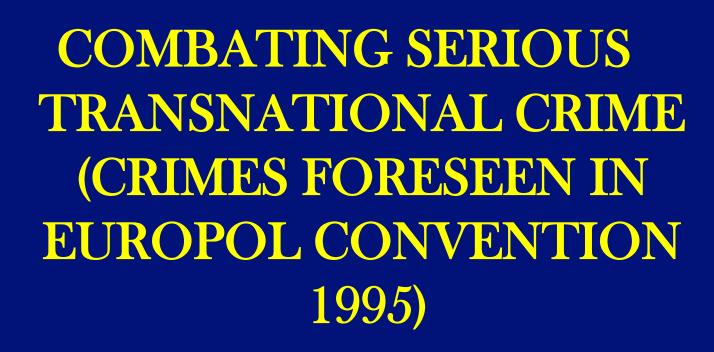


EUROJUST LEGAL GROUNDS

2002/187/JHA EU DECISION, MODIFIED BY DECISION 2003/659/JHA









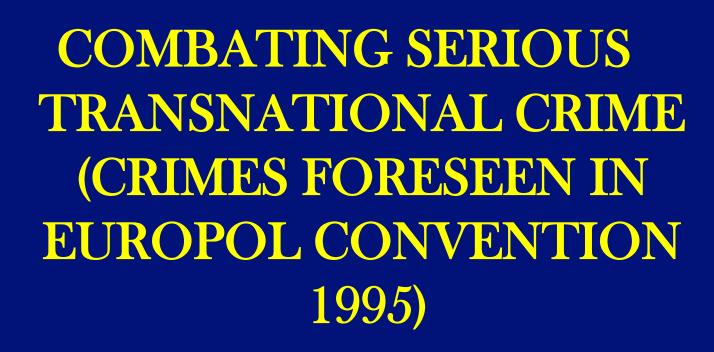




- Requests from the national authorities (CMS; level I-II meetings)
- Added value: (MLA available non stop; contact points in 3rd countries; larger view over the criminal phenomenon; logistic support; promoting the practitioners' point of view before the decisional bodies of EU)
- Organization of operational meetings for practitioners in MS (level III meetings)
- Team meetings
- Tactical/Strategic meetings









Europol and Eurojust AWF developments

Liaison Magistrates and EUROJUST Contact Points

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

- CHANGES TO EUROPOL CONVENTION
 - AWFs AND EUROJUST ASSOCIATION
- OCTA (Organised Crime Threat Assessment)
- SECURE COMMUNICATION
- JITs

EUROPOL CONVENTION CHANGE

- March and April 2007
- 3 protocols in force
- Amend the Europol Convention
 - MONEY LAUNDERING
 - JIT 'S
 - DANISH permits association of Eurojust with <u>AWFs</u>



ILECUS

International Law Enforcement Coordination Units

Jedinica za koordinaciju međunarodne saradnje u sprovođenju zakona



Responsible for Implmentation Austria – Federal Criminal Police & Partners from Slovenia i Romania. In the course of implementation:

- •EUROPOL;
- •INTERPOL;
- BKA Germany;
- **•**EUROJUST;
- •FRONTEX;
- ·OLAF;
- SECI Centar Bucharest
- Regional Co/operation Center Sarajevo

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